

SYBR® Green Cells-to-Ct™ Kits

Simple, Complete Workflows for Gene Expression Analysis without RNA Purification

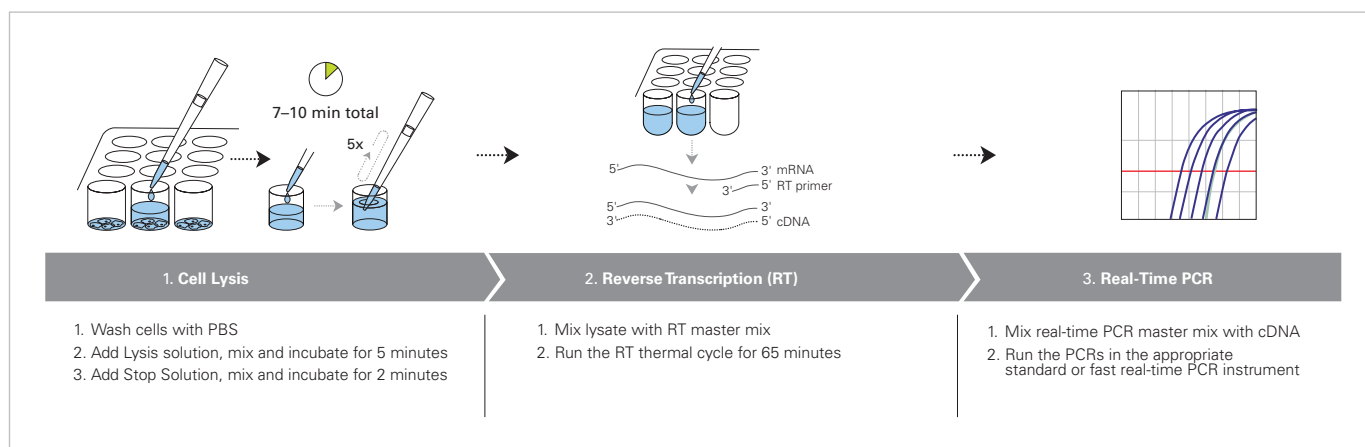


Figure 1. SYBR® Green Cells-to-Ct™ Kits Ready for RT in Just 7 Minutes. The SYBR Green Cells-to-Ct Kits require only 7 minutes at room temperature to release nucleic acids into a cell lysate solution that is compatible with the included reverse transcriptase and real-time PCR reagents.

- **Extraordinary Value**—Complete kit format includes pre-optimized reagents to work efficiently and robustly right out of the box; includes cell lysis reagents, DNase, reverse transcription (RT) reagents, and *Power SYBR® Green* or *Fast SYBR® Green Master Mix*
- **Extraordinary Ease**—Simple, effective Cells-to-Ct™ methodology enables sample preparation at room temperature in only 7 minutes, including DNase treatment
- **Extraordinary Performance**—Validated accuracy, exceptional reproducibility, and maximal sensitivity from 10 to 100,000 cells per sample; results equivalent to those from purified RNA

Extraordinary Value

Power SYBR Green and *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-Ct Kits* take you from cultured cells to real-time PCR results with the fastest, easiest, and most robust workflow available today. A breakthrough cell lysis and RNA stabilization technology completely eliminates the need for laborious and time consuming RNA purification. However, the SYBR Green Cells-to-Ct Kits don't stop at sample preparation. They integrate the lysis technology into a complete, optimized gene expression workflow, that includes reverse transcription reagents and high performance *Power SYBR Green* or *Fast SYBR Green Master Mixes*. All kit components have been validated on primer sets targeting hundreds of genes. The trial and error associated with the use of separate sample preparation,

RT, and real-time PCR kits has been removed, enabling successful results for novice or experienced researchers, right out of the box. The *Power SYBR Green* and *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-Ct Kits* offer extraordinary simplicity, performance, and value over traditional SYBR Green-based gene expression analysis workflows, as well as competitor lysate-based kits.

Extraordinary Ease

The SYBR Green Cells-to-Ct protocol begins with a simple 7-minute sample preparation procedure illustrated in Figure 1. Starting with 10 to 100,000 cultured cells/sample, cells are washed in PBS, and then lysed for 5 minutes at room temperature; DNase treatment can be performed concurrently. Lysis is terminated at room temperature by

adding Stop Solution and incubating for 2 minutes. The lysates are then ready for reverse transcription or storage at -20°C for up to 5 months. Unlike old-fashioned multi-step RNA isolation protocols, *Power SYBR[®] Green* and *Fast SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kits do not require heating, washing, or centrifugation steps thus streamlining a laborious, repetitive pipetting process to a mere 2-step, 7-minute procedure. Because samples can be processed directly in culture plates (96- or 384-well), sample handling and the potential for sample loss or transfer error are minimized, resulting in higher reproducibility.

Following sample preparation, a portion of the cell lysate is added to an RT reaction, and real-time PCR performed using either *Power SYBR Green* or *Fast SYBR Green Master Mix*. All the necessary reagents are included in the SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T Kits (excluding user-specified PCR primer sets specific to your targets of interest).

As illustrated in Figure 2, *Power SYBR Green* and *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* workflows offer considerable time savings compared to workflows utilizing traditional RNA purification methods. In addition, the Cells-to-C_T Kits can easily be scaled for processing single tubes or up to 384-well sample plates. In contrast, traditional purification methods can be difficult to scale up manually, often requiring expensive centrifuge or vacuum platforms.

Extraordinary Performance

Dynamic Range, Sensitivity, and Reproducibility Compared to Purified RNA

To demonstrate the performance of the SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T Kits, replicate experiments were run using either traditional RNA purification and real-time PCR analysis, or the *Power SYBR Green* and *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kits. Both kits show equivalent performance to results obtained using purified RNA for

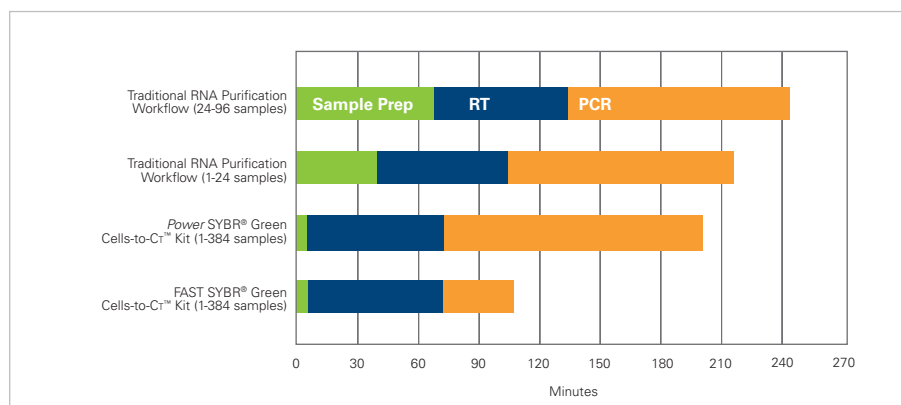


Figure 2. SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits Decrease Time to Results. The time required to complete gene expression analysis experiments from cultured cells using SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T Kits is up to 60% less than that required for traditional RNA purification workflows. Additionally, the Cells-to-C_T Kits eliminate repetitive pipetting steps commonly used in traditional RNA purification methods, and can easily be scaled for processing a small number of samples in single tubes, or up to 384-well sample plates.

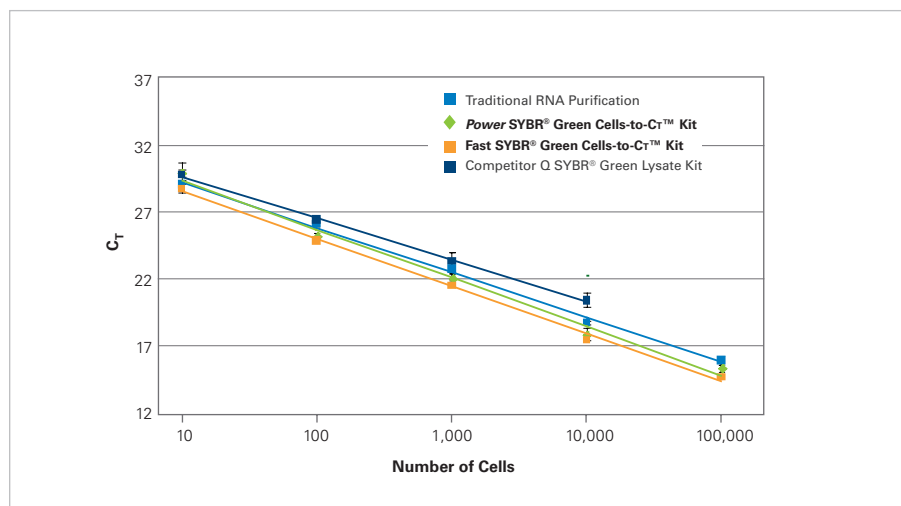


Figure 3. *Power SYBR[®] Green* and *Fast SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kits Perform Equivalently to Purified RNA and are Superior to Competitor Lysate Kits. HeLa cells (10 to 10⁵) were prepared using each manufacturer's recommended protocol with: 1) traditional glass fiber filter RNA purification and real-time RT-PCR using the Applied Biosystems High Capacity RNA-to-cDNA Kit and *Power SYBR Green PCR Master Mix* (slope = -3.3, R² = 0.99); 2) *Power SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kit (slope = -3.6, R² = 0.99); 3) *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kit (slope = -3.5, R² = 0.99); or 4) Competitor Q SYBR Green lysate kit (slope = -3.1, R² = 0.99). Real-time PCR was performed using a primer set targeting β-actin.

analysis of 10 to 100,000 cells (Figure 3). In addition, the sensitivity, efficiency, and dynamic range of both SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T Kits were superior to competitor lysate kits analyzed (Figure 3). The observed dynamic range using Competitor Q lysate kit was 10 to 10⁴ cell equivalents, or 1 log less than the *Power SYBR Green* and *Fast SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™]* Kits.

The high level of sensitivity of both SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T Kits can be attributed to several key features. First, the ability to incorporate large sample volumes in the RT and real-time PCR reactions result in maximum sample input. Up to 45% of the total RT reaction volume can be cell lysate, and up to 30% of the real-time PCR volume can be cDNA.

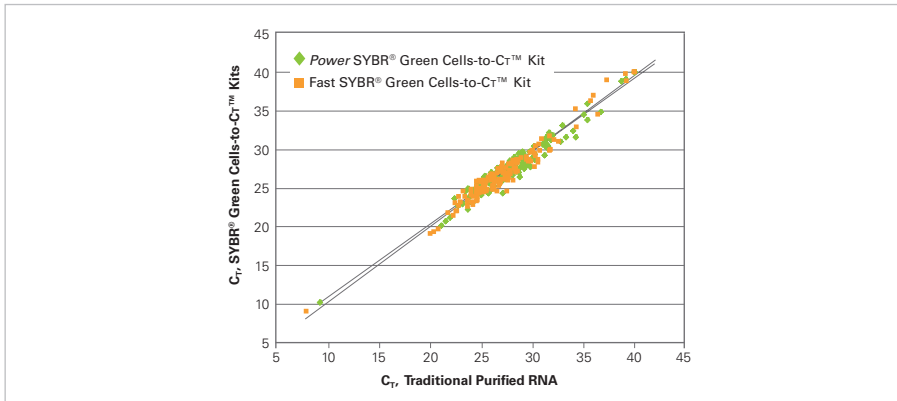


Figure 4. *Power SYBR*[®] Green and *Fast SYBR*[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits Perform Equivalently to Purified RNA Over a Broad Set of Gene Targets. A cell mixture (10,000 cells) comprised of HeLa, HepG2, Jurkat, HEK-293, and U-87-MG cells was analyzed using either traditional RNA purification and real-time RT-PCR, or the *Power SYBR* Green and *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kits. Technical (real-time PCR) quadruplicates were performed for each method for each of the 155 primer sets. The average C_T values for the technical replicates are shown. A high correlation was observed between the traditional purified RNA real-time RT-PCR results to the *Power SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit (slope = 0.94, R² = 0.96) and *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit (slope = 0.97, R² = 0.96).

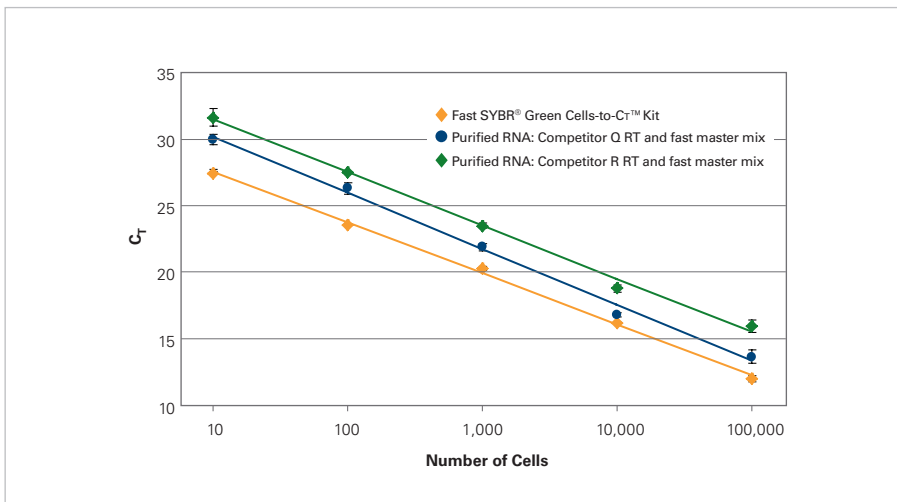


Figure 5. *Fast SYBR*[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit Performance is Superior to Competitor Real-Time PCR Reagents using Purified RNA. RNA from a 10-fold serial dilution of HeLa cells (10 to 100,000 cells) was analyzed using the *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit (slope = -3.8, R² = 0.99), or workflows using purified RNA with RT and fast master mixes from Competitor Q (slope = -4.2, R² = 0.99) or Competitor R (slope = -4.0, R² = 0.99). Experiments were run using a β-actin primer set. All experiments were performed according to each manufacturer's maximum recommended volumes.

Next, sample handling is minimized, resulting in highly efficient retention of target molecules during sample preparation. Finally, the inherent performance characteristics of both *Power SYBR*[®] Green and *Fast SYBR*[®] Green Master Mixes allow for sensitive, specific, and dependable target quantitation over a wide dynamic range.

SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits allow for subtle gene expression changes to be detected with confidence due to high technical reproducibility. Imparted by robust reagents and minimal sample handling in the Cells-to-C_T Kit workflow, this exceptional reproducibility is especially beneficial when working with low cell numbers where fluctuation in isolation efficiency or sample loss can have dramatic impact.

High Correlation of Real-Time PCR Results to Purified RNA

The robustness of both *SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kits was analyzed with 155 primer sets to targets with diverse gene expression levels, and compared to results obtained using purified RNA. A high degree of concordance was obtained, spanning a wide range of C_T values, between data generated with purified RNA and that generated with both the *Power SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit and *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit (over 600 data points, Figure 4). The data indicate that the *SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kits can be used for accurate gene expression analysis, with results equivalent to those obtained using purified RNA.

Performance Compared to Competitor Master Mixes

The *Power SYBR* Green PCR Master Mix and *Fast SYBR* Green Master Mix, included in the respective Cells-to-C_T Kits, have been designed for highly specific yet sensitive nucleic acid quantitation over a broad dynamic range. The convenient 2X Master Mixes are formulated for increased sensitivity using *SYBR* Green I dye, dNTPs, uracil-DNA glycosylase (to reduce carryover contamination), and our proprietary ROX[™] passive internal reference dye for increased precision. The *Power SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit is *Powered* by *AmpliQaq Gold*[®] DNA Polymerase, LD which is formulated to provide the highest levels of specificity with standard real-time PCR. The *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit contains *AmpliQaq*[®] Fast DNA Polymerase, UP, which is designed to allow instant hot start, thus minimizing non-specific product formation with fast real-time PCR.

As seen in Figure 5, *Fast SYBR* Green Cells-to-C_T Kit demonstrated superior performance compared to purified RNA which was reverse transcribed and PCR amplified with Competitor R's or Competitor Q's RT and fast master mix, respectively. Similarly, the *Power SYBR*[®]

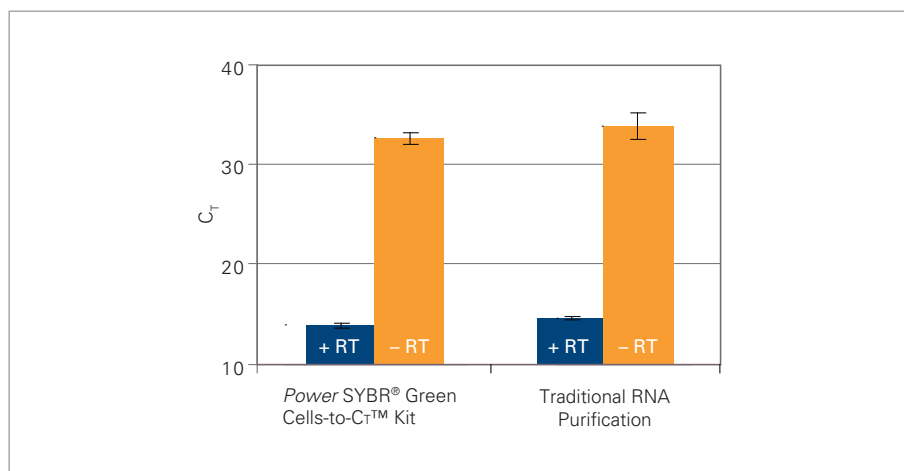


Figure 6. Efficient SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit DNase Treatment Eliminates Contaminating DNA. Eight replicates of 100,000 HeLa cells were prepared using either the *Power SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit* or traditional glass fiber filter purification. Real-time PCR was performed for RNase P (designed to detect a single copy DNA locus) for both reverse transcribed (+RT) and non-reverse transcribed (-RT) RNA samples. Similar ΔC_T (difference between +RT and -RT) results were observed for both the purified RNA and *Power SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit* workflows ($\Delta C_T = 19.1$ vs. 18.7). Similar results were observed for the *Fast SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit* and for cell inputs across the dynamic range of the kits (data not shown).

Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit displayed superior performance compared to competitor SYBR Green I-based master mixes (data not shown). Both *Power SYBR[®] Green PCR Master Mix* and *Fast SYBR[®] Green Master Mix* are formulated to minimize non-specific amplification that could reduce amplification efficiency and accuracy, while delivering maximum sensitivity, reproducibility, and wide dynamic range.

Efficient Removal of Contaminating DNA

Valid real-time PCR data is predicated on amplification of a single intended target representing RNA expression levels. Contaminating genomic DNA (gDNA), non-specific amplification of primer-dimers, and promiscuous priming of homologous sequences can affect data accuracy. The efficiency of the Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits DNase treatment (performed during the 5-minute lysis step) was evaluated by detecting residual gDNA in lysates prepared with the *Power SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit*, and compared to RNA purified with a standard glass fiber filter method. RNA prepared from 100,000 cells served as input for both standard RT reactions (+RT) and non-reverse

transcribed controls (-RT), and real-time PCR was performed to detect gDNA contamination. Even at the maximal cell concentration, only negligible gDNA remained in the samples prepared by both methods (<0.0003% of the amplifiable template in the +RT real-time PCRs is gDNA) (Figure 6). This represents removal of approximately 99.6% of the gDNA in the original sample. In addition, extensive validation by melt curve analysis has shown that SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits do not increase non-specific amplification or the incidence of primer-dimer formation, compared to purified RNA samples.

Compatible with a Wide Range of Real-Time PCR Platforms

Applied Biosystems offers industry-leading real-time PCR instrument platforms to meet the needs of laboratories worldwide. However, in labs where legacy non-Applied Biosystems instruments are used, performance of *Power SYBR[®] Green* and *Fast SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits* are not compromised. Compatibility of the SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits was tested with replicate reactions targeting β -actin from cDNA generated from both *Power SYBR*

Green and *Fast SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits* and real-time PCR run on Applied Biosystems, Roche, or Bio-Rad real-time PCR platforms. Replicates showed excellent uniformity across all real-time PCR instruments tested (Figure 7). Dissociation curves show a single peak, indicating that the β -actin target is specifically amplified, thus demonstrating the robustness of the SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits.

Regardless of whether you are using *Power SYBR[®] Green* or *Fast SYBR[®] Green Master Mix*, or the new *SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kit* workflows, Applied Biosystems is committed to providing the highest quality reagents for all of your real-time PCR needs. For more information on the family of Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits, visit www.appliedbiosystems.com/c2ct.

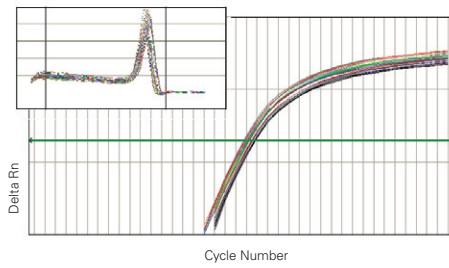
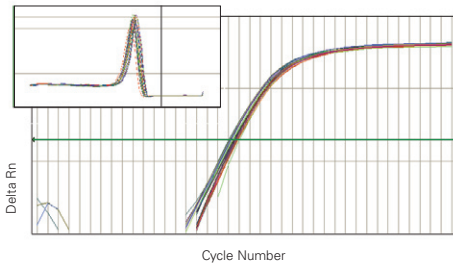
SYBR[®] Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Control Kit

The Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits have been successfully utilized for multiple applications on numerous cell lines including adherent immortalized cells, suspension cell lines, stem cells, as well as primary cells (for a complete list of evaluated cell lines, please visit www.appliedbiosystems.com/c2ct). To validate optimal performance with SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Kits, the SYBR Green Cells-to-C_T[™] Control Kit can be used to monitor efficiency of cell lysis and amplification inhibition using a supplied XenoRNA[™] control and primer set. In addition, primers for an endogenous gene target can be used as a positive control to ensure adequate sample input, or for use in relative quantitation.

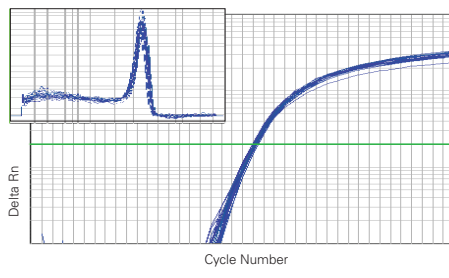
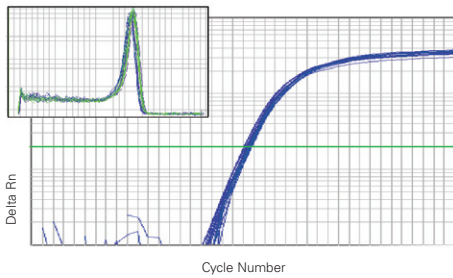
Performance of Fast SYBR® Green PCR Cells-to-Ct™ Kit on Real-Time PCR Instruments

Performance of PowerSYBR® Green PCR Cells-to-Ct™ Kit on Real-Time PCR Instruments

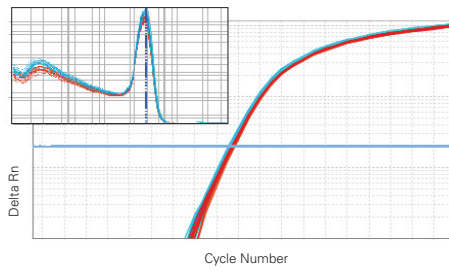
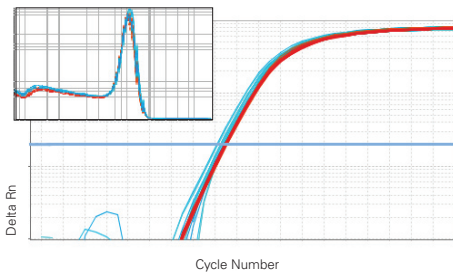
Applied Biosystems 7500 Real-Time PCR Systems



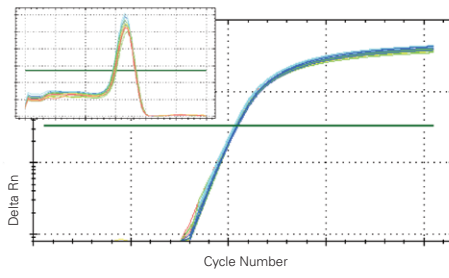
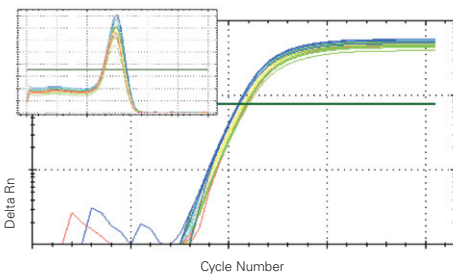
Applied Biosystems 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System



Applied Biosystems StepOne™ Plus Real-Time PCR System



Bio-Rad CFX96™ Real-Time PCR Detection System



Roche LightCycler® 480 System for Real-Time PCR

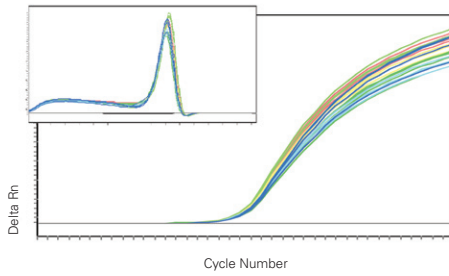
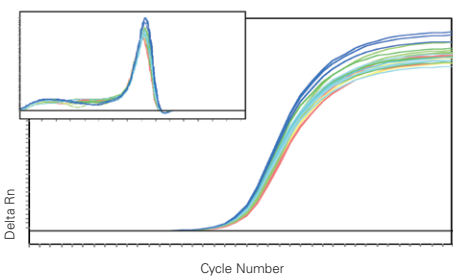


Figure 7. SYBR® Green Cells-to-Ct™ Kits are Compatible with Diverse Real-Time PCR Instruments. A cell mixture of HeLa, HepG2, Jurkat, HEK-293, and U-87-MG cells (10,000 cells) was analyzed using either the *PowerSYBR® Green* or *Fast SYBR® Green* Cells-to-Ct Kit, or RNA purified by a traditional glass fiber filter method. Replicates were analyzed using a β -actin primer set following *PowerSYBR Green* or *Fast SYBR Green* Cells-to-Ct Kit recommended conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	Size	P/N
<i>Power SYBR</i> [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Kit 40 lysis reactions with gDNA removal 40 cDNA synthesis reactions (50 µL) 200 PCRs (20 µL)	40 rxns	4402953
<i>Power SYBR</i> [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Kit 100 lysis reactions with gDNA removal 100 cDNA synthesis reactions (50 µL) 500 PCRs (20 µL)	100 rxns	4402954
<i>Power SYBR</i> [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Kit 400 lysis reactions with gDNA removal 400 cDNA synthesis reactions (50 µL) 2,000 PCRs (20 µL)	400 rxns	4402955
<i>Fast SYBR</i> [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Kit 100 lysis reactions with gDNA removal 100 cDNA synthesis reactions (50 µL) 500 PCRs (20 µL)	100 rxns	4402956
<i>Fast SYBR</i> [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Kit 400 lysis reactions with gDNA removal 400 cDNA synthesis reactions (50 µL) 2,000 PCRs (20 µL)	400 rxns	4402957
SYBR [®] Green Cells-to-C _T [™] Control Kit	100 rxns	4402959

RELATED PRODUCTS

Instruments

StepOne [™] Real-Time PCR System	4376357
StepOnePlus [™] Real-Time PCR System	4376600
Applied Biosystems 7500 Real-Time PCR System	4351104
Applied Biosystems 7500 Fast Real-Time PCR System	4351106
Applied Biosystems 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System, with Standard 96-Well Block Module	4329003
with Fast 96-Well Block Module	4351405
with 384-Well Block Module	4329001

Master Mixes

<i>Power SYBR</i> [®] Green PCR Master Mix	1 mL	4368577
	5 mL	4367659
	2 × 5 mL	4368706
Fast SYBR [®] Green Master Mix	1 mL	4385610
	5 mL	4385612
	2 × 5 mL	4385616

Reagents

Nuclease-free Water (not DEPC-treated)	AM9938
RNaseZap [™] Solution	AM9780

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