ALFAAA17976

2-n-Butoxyethanol

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: **2-正丁氧基乙醇**
Product Description: **2-n-Butoxyethanol**

Cat No. : **A17976**
Synonyms Butyl cellosolve; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, Butyl glycol
CAS No 111-76-2
Molecular Formula C6 H14 O2

Supplier

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.
(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)
Shore Road, Heysham
Lancashire, LA3 2XY,
United Kingdom
Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506
Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State	**Appearance**	**Odor**
Liquid	Light yellow	Slight

Emergency Overview

Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Sensitivity to light. Air sensitive.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 4
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word **Danger**

Hazard Statements
H227 - Combustible liquid
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H311 + H331 - Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Response
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P330 - Rinse mouth
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
Storage
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up
Disposal
P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards
Combustible material.
Health Hazards
Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.
Environmental hazards
Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	<100

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation
Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion
Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects
None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider
Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to Physician
Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons
Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may accumulate in confined areas (basement, tanks, hopper/tank cars, etc.). Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions
Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions
Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up
Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from light. Air sensitive. Reacts with air to form peroxides. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat. Flammables area.

Specific Use(s)
Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 97 mg/m³	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 121 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 97 mg/m³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m³ Skin TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³	IDLH: 700 ppm REL = 5 ppm (TWA) REL = 24 mg/m³ (TWA)	STEL: 50 ppm 15 min STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 25 ppm 8 hr TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	TWA: 20 ppm (8h) TWA: 98 mg/m³ (8h) STEL: 50 ppm (15min) STEL: 246 mg/m³ (15min) Skin

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods
BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm		
Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.56 mm		

Inspect gloves before use.
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)
Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.
Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced **Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. **Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Light yellow	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	Slight	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	-70 °C / -94 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	171 °C / 339.8 °F	
Flash Point	62 °C / 143.6 °F	**Method -** Pensky Martens Closed Cup (ASTM D93, BS EN 22719, BS 2000 Part 404, IP 404, ISO 2719, AS/NZS 2106)
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	**Lower** 1.1 vol% **Upper** 10.6 vol%	
Vapor Pressure	0.8 hPa @ 20°C	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.901	@ 20 °C
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Miscible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component	**log Pow**
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81

Autoignition Temperature	230 °C / 446 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	5.31 mPa.s at 20 °C	Dynamic
Explosive Properties		explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Oxidizing Properties	Not oxidising	

Molecular Formula C6 H14 O2
Molecular Weight 118.18

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Heating in air.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Bases. Metals. Aluminium. .

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2). peroxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Butoxyethanol	1746 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Guinea pig) OCED 402	LC50 = 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h LC50 = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit
Observational endpoint Irritating to skin

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (<100)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	- non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive Effects None known.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Other Adverse Effects No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects . Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
2-Butoxyethanol	1490 mg/L LC50 96 h 2950 mg/L LC50 96 h	1550 mg/l EC50 48 hr >1000 mg/L EC50 48 h 1698 - 1940 mg/L EC50 24 h	1840 mg/l EC50 72 hr	

Persistence and Degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (<100)	90% (28d) OECD 301B

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	No data available

Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil: Highly mobile in soils

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN2810
Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2810
Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN2810
Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol
Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories
X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
2-Butoxyethanol	X	X	X	X	203-905-0	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-04134

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date 24-Jul-2007
Revision Date 12-Sep-2025
Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

Training Advice
Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.
Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.
First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.
Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.
Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
TWA - Time Weighted Average
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
BCF - Bioconcentration factor
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet