ALFAA11847

Phosphorus(V) oxychloride

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 三氯氧化磷(V)
Product Description: **Phosphorus(V) oxychloride**

Cat No. : **11847**
Synonyms Phosphoryl Chloride
CAS No 10025-87-3
Molecular Formula Cl3 O P

Supplier

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.
(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)
Shore Road, Heysham
Lancashire, LA3 2XY,
United Kingdom
Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506
Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State	**Appearance**	**Odor**
Liquid	Colorless	pungent

Emergency Overview

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Reacts violently with water. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Moisture sensitive. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

Classification of the substance or mixture

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal	Category 1
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word **Danger**

Hazard Statements
H290 - May be corrosive to metals
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H330 - Fatal if inhaled

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
P234 - Keep only in original packaging
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P284 - Wear respiratory protection
Response
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P330 - Rinse mouth
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
Storage
P402 - Store in a dry place
P405 - Store locked up
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P406 - Store in corrosion resistant polypropylene container with a resistant inliner
Disposal
P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards
May be corrosive to metals. Reacts violently with water.
Health Hazards
Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled.
Environmental hazards
Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Reacts violently with water. Is not likely mobile in the environment. Decomposes in contact with water. Reacts violently with water.

Other Hazards
Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)
This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Phosphorus oxychloride	10025-87-3	>95

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion
Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects
Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: After inhalation exposure, observe for 24 to 72 hours as pulmonary edema may be delayed

Self-Protection of the First Aider
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Powder. CO_2, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons
Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Reacts violently with water.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental Precautions
Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Do not expose spill to water.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. Handle under an inert atmosphere.

Storage
Air sensitive. Corrosives area. Keep under nitrogen. Keep away from water or moist air. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Specific Use(s)
Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Phosphorus oxychloride	TWA: 0.3 mg/m³ STEL: 0.6 mg/m³	TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 0.63 mg/m³	TWA: 0.1 ppm	-

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Phosphorus oxychloride	TWA: 0.1 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 0.1 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 0.6 mg/m³	REL = 0.1 ppm (TWA) REL = 0.6 mg/m³ (TWA) STEL: 0.5 ppm STEL: 3 mg/m³	STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 min STEL: 3.8 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 0.2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 1.3 mg/m³ 8 hr	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles Face protection shield (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)
Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger

of cuts, abrasion.
Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. **Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Colorless	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	pungent	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	1.2 °C / 34.2 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	107 °C / 224.6 °F	
Flash Point	No information available	**Method -** No information available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	36 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	5.3	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	1.645	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Reacts violently with water	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	1.11 mPa.s at 22 °C	
Explosive Properties	No information available	
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	Cl3 O P	
Molecular Weight	153.33	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

Hazardous Reactions Reacts violently with water.
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture.

Materials to avoid Strong bases. Alcohols. Amines. Metals. Acids. Reducing Agent. Water. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Oxides of phosphorus. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Phosphorus oxychloride	LD50 = 380 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 308 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

Target Organs Respiratory system.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Other Adverse Effects

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: After inhalation exposure, observe for 24 to 72 hours as pulmonary edema may be delayed

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects	Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradability	Decomposes in contact with water, Reacts with water.
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Decomposes in contact with water. Reacts violently with water.

Bioaccumulative Potential	Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water
Mobility in soil	Decomposes in contact with water. Reacts violently with water Is not likely mobile in the environment
Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1810
Proper Shipping Name	PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE
Hazard Class	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	I

IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN1810
Proper Shipping Name	PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE
Hazard Class	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	I

IATA FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

UN-No	UN1810
Proper Shipping Name	PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
Hazard Class	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	I

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories
X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Phosphorus oxychloride	X	X	X	X	233-046-7	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-28728

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date 29-Oct-2006
Revision Date 17-Sep-2025
Revision Summary Not applicable.

Training Advice
Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.
Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.
First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.
Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet